

晚明儒家基督徒孫元化家族、生平與思想詳考¹

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摘要 孫元化（1583—1632）是晚明時期著名的儒家基督徒，師承徐光啟，積極引入西方火砲，曾任登萊巡撫，後因孔有德所發動的吳橋兵變被崇禎皇帝處死。學界對於孫元化的生平事蹟有所關注，但側重於考察孫元化與晚明火砲技術的引入，以及孫元化與吳橋兵變等重要歷史事件，鮮少涉及孫元化的家族世系及其思想。本文在已有研究成果的基礎上，結合學者較少寓目的《里中紀述》、《江東志》以及相關族譜、地方志、明人文集等，對孫元化的家族、生平與思想進行釐清與詳細考證。

關鍵詞 孫元化 吳橋兵變 《里中紀述》《江東志》“反情說”



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A COMPREHENSIVE STUDY OF THE FAMILY, LIFE AND THOUGHTS OF SUN YUANHUA, A CONFUCIAN CHRISTIAN IN THE LATE MING DYNASTY

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ABSTRACT Sun Yuanhua (1583–1632) was a famous Confucian Christian in the late Ming Dynasty, who studied under Xu Guangqi (1562–1633) and played a key role in introducing Western artillery into China. He served as the Governor of Dengzhou and Laizhou, but he was later executed by the Chongzhen Emperor because of the Wuqiao Mutiny initiated by Kong Youde (?–1652). Scholars have paid some attention to Sun's life story. Yet, the main focus was on Sun and his introduction of artillery technology, as well as his role in the Wuqiao Mutiny and other important historical events, and there has been little discussion of Sun's family lineage and his thoughts. Building on existing research, this article makes use of some lesser-known works, including *Lizhong jishu* (Recordings in [the Town of] Qingpu li 清浦里) and *Jiangdong zhi* (Gazette of Jiangdong [i.e., East of the Wusong River]), together with a group of relevant genealogies, local gazettes, and literati's writings, to further explore Sun's family, biography, and thinking.

KEYWORDS Sun Yuanhua, Wuqiao Mutiny, *Lizhong jishu*, *Jiangdong zhi*, 'Anti-secular customs'



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